

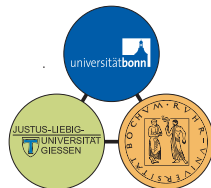
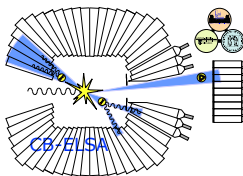
Double polarization measurements with the Crystal Barrel/TAPS experiment at ELSA

Results for π^0 and η photoproduction

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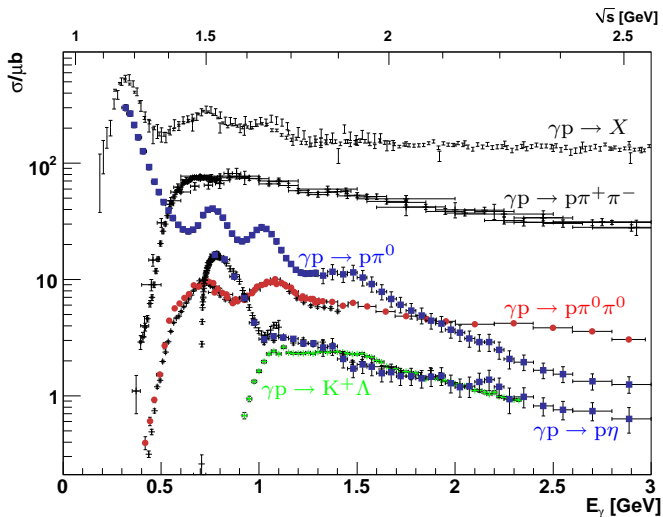


18/05/2011

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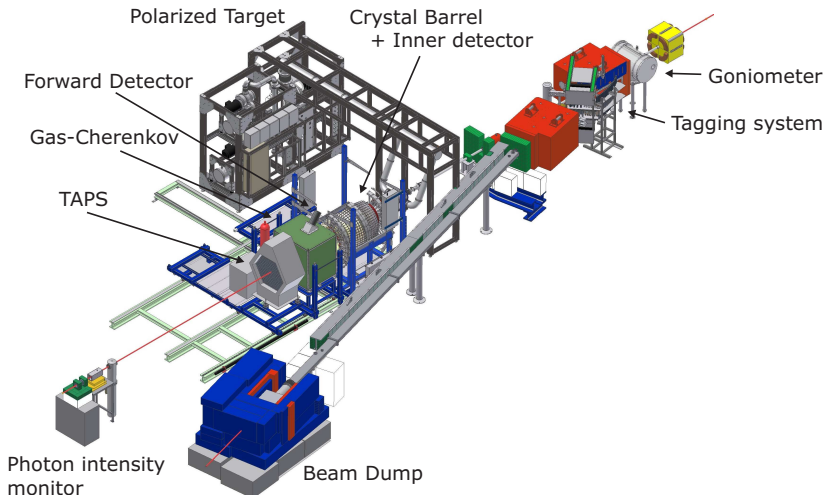
- 1 Introduction
 - Motivation
 - The Crystal Barrel/TAPS experiment
- 2 Results
 - Transversely polarized target
 - Longitudinally polarized target
- 3 Summary

Baryon Spectroscopy

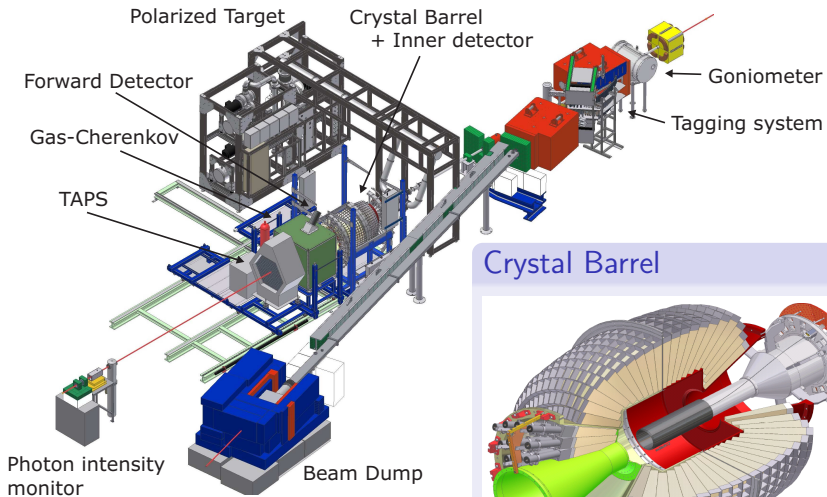


Partial wave analysis required to extract contributing amplitudes.
 \rightsquigarrow measurement of single and double polarization observables

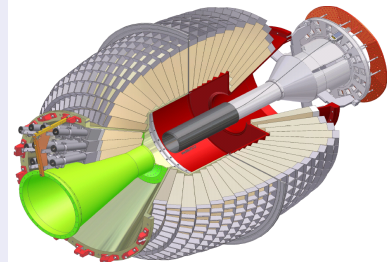
The Crystal Barrel/TAPS experiment



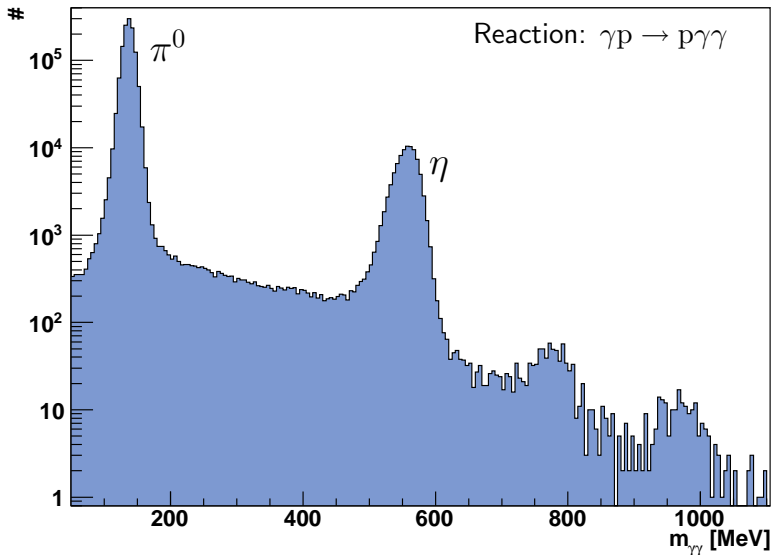
The Crystal Barrel/TAPS experiment



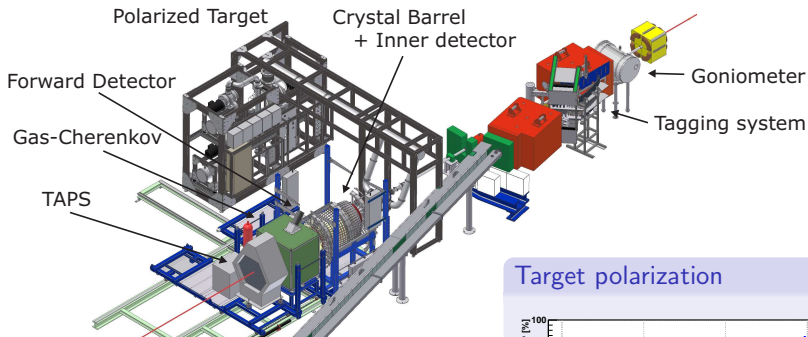
Crystal Barrel



Meson Reconstruction



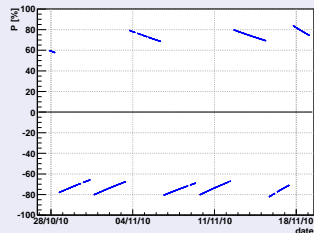
The Crystal Barrel/TAPS experiment



Frozen Spin Target



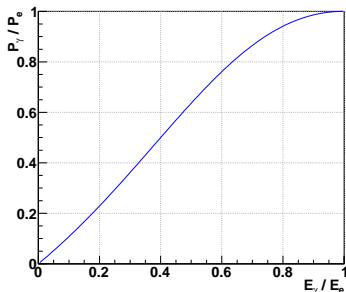
Target polarization



Polarized Photon Beams

circularly polarized:

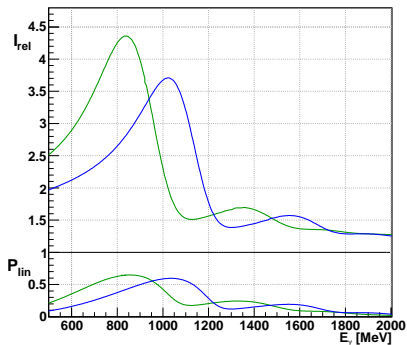
- bremsstrahlung of longitudinally pol. electrons
- helicity transfer:



- measurement of electron polarization using Møller polarimeter

linearly polarized:

- coherent bremsstrahlung using diamond crystal
- crystal orientation defines plane of linear polarization

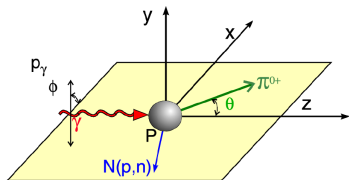


Polarization Observables

photoproduction of pseudoscalar mesons:

- all 3 single polarization observables
- 4 double polarization observables

can be measured with the Crystal Barrel/TAPS experiment



photon pol.		target pol. axis		
		<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
unpolarized	σ		T	
linear	$-\Sigma$	H	$-P$	$-G$
circular		F		$-E$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}(\theta, \phi) = & \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}(\theta) \cdot \left[1 - P_{\gamma}^{\text{lin}} \Sigma(\theta) \cos(2\phi) \right. \\
 & + P_x \cdot \left(-P_{\gamma}^{\text{lin}} H(\theta) \sin(2\phi) + P_{\gamma}^{\text{circ}} F(\theta) \right) \\
 & + P_y \cdot \left(+P_{\gamma}^{\text{lin}} P(\theta) \cos(2\phi) - T(\theta) \right) \\
 & \left. - P_z \cdot \left(-P_{\gamma}^{\text{lin}} G(\theta) \sin(2\phi) + P_{\gamma}^{\text{circ}} E(\theta) \right) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

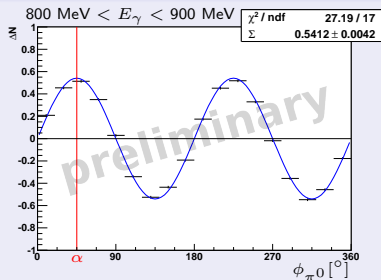
[1] W.-T. Chiang, F. Tabakin, Phys. Rev. C 55 (1997)

Beam Asymmetry Σ

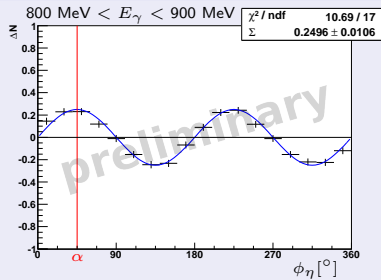
- linearly polarized photon beam (angle of pol. plane: $\alpha = 45^\circ$)
- unpolarized target

$$\Delta N(\phi) = \frac{1}{P_{\text{beam}}} \cdot \frac{N_{\perp} - N_{\parallel}}{N_{\perp} + N_{\parallel}} = \Sigma \cdot \cos(2(\phi - \alpha))$$

$\vec{\gamma}p \rightarrow p\pi^0$

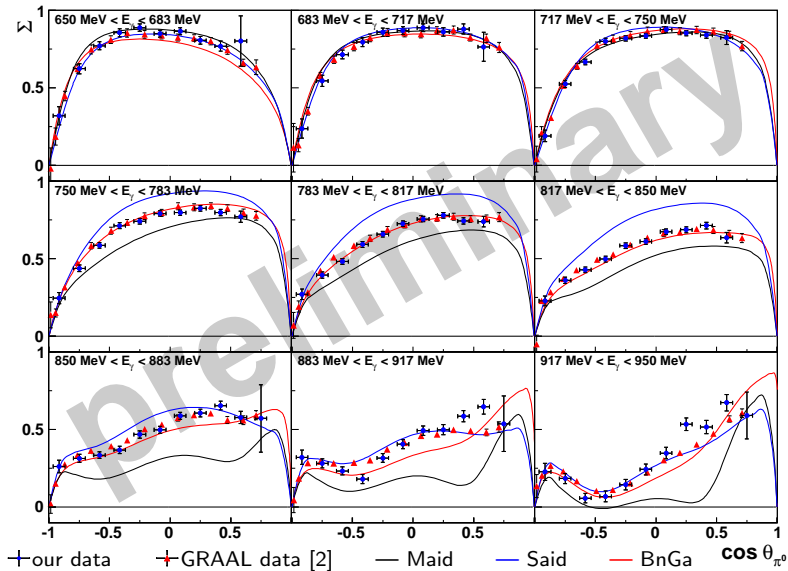


$\vec{\gamma}p \rightarrow p\eta$



Note: target material butanol \rightsquigarrow also small contribution from C

π^0 Photoproduction: Beam Asymmetry Σ



Note: target material butanol \rightsquigarrow also small contribution from C

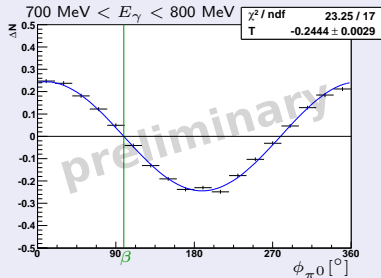
[2] O. Bartalini *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. A **26**, 399-419 (2005)

Target Asymmetry T

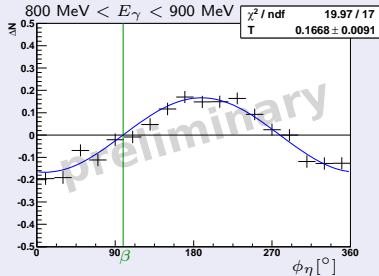
- unpolarized beam
- transversely polarized target (direction of pol.: $\beta = 99^\circ$)

$$\Delta N(\phi) = \frac{1}{fP_{\text{target}}} \cdot \frac{N_{\uparrow} - N_{\downarrow}}{N_{\uparrow} + N_{\downarrow}} = T \cdot \sin(\phi - \beta)$$

$\gamma \vec{p} \rightarrow p \pi^0$



$\gamma \vec{p} \rightarrow p \eta$



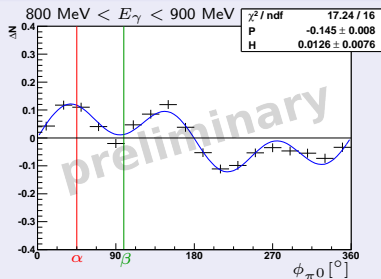
Recoil Polarization P and Observable H

- linearly polarized photon beam (angle of pol. plane: $\alpha = 45^\circ$)
- transversely polarized target (direction of pol.: $\beta = 99^\circ$)

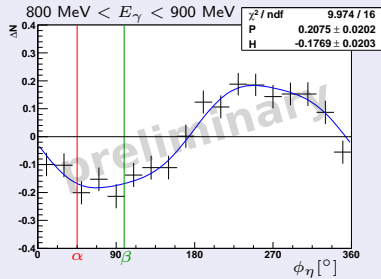
$$\Delta N(\phi) = \frac{1}{f P_{\text{beam}} P_{\text{target}}} \cdot \frac{(N_{\perp\uparrow} - N_{\perp\downarrow}) - (N_{\parallel\uparrow} - N_{\parallel\downarrow})}{(N_{\perp\uparrow} + N_{\perp\downarrow}) + (N_{\parallel\uparrow} + N_{\parallel\downarrow})}$$

$$= (P \sin(\phi - \beta) \cos(2(\phi - \alpha)) + H \cos(\phi - \beta) \sin(2(\phi - \alpha)))$$

$\vec{\gamma} \vec{p} \rightarrow p \pi^0$



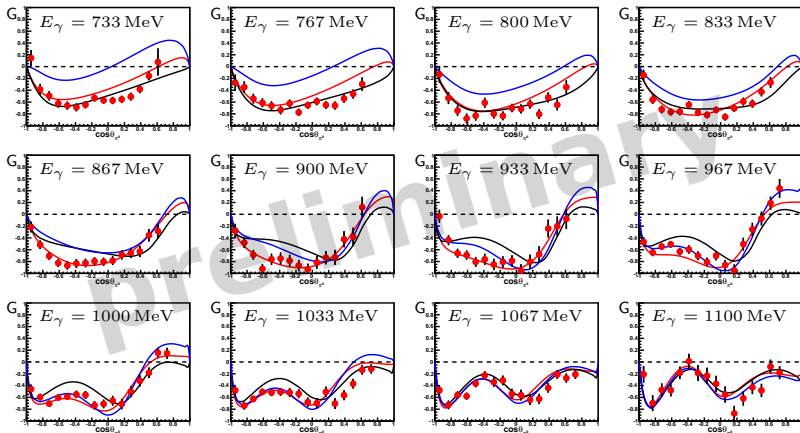
$\vec{\gamma} \vec{p} \rightarrow p \eta$



Double Polarization Observable G

linearly polarized beam, longitudinally polarized target:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}(\phi) = \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega_0} \cdot (1 - P_\gamma^{\text{lin}} \Sigma \cos(2\phi) + P_\gamma^{\text{lin}} P_z G \sin(2\phi))$$



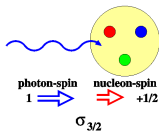
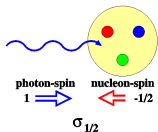
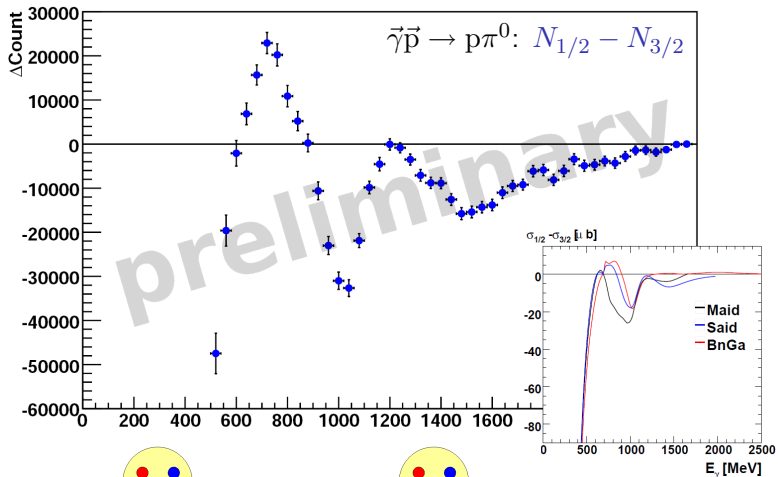
$\vec{\gamma} \vec{p} \rightarrow p \pi^0$

— Maid — Said — BnGa

A. Thiel (Bonn)

Double Polarization Observable E

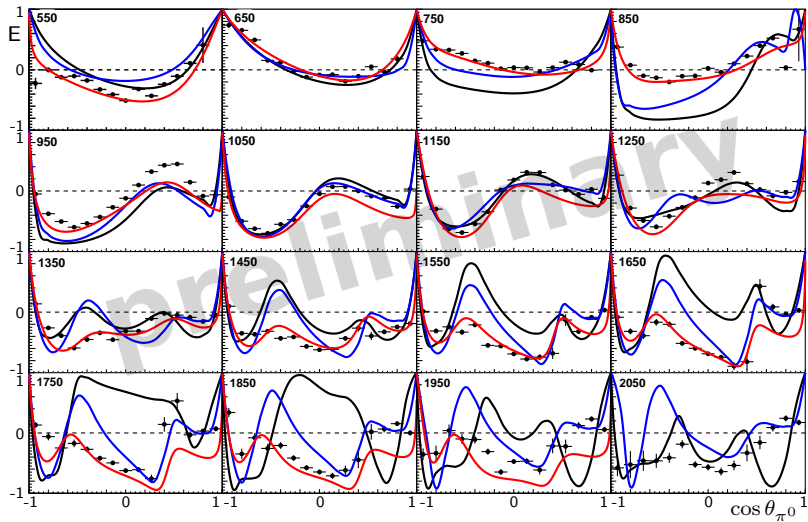
circularly polarized beam, longitudinally polarized target:



M. Gottschall (Bonn)

π^0 Photoproduction: E

circularly polarized beam, longitudinally polarized target:



— Maid — Said — BnGa

M. Gottschall (Bonn)

Summary

First double polarization data has been taken with the Crystal Barrel/TAPS experiment at ELSA:

- longitudinally or transversely polarized target
- linearly or circularly polarized photon beam

Preliminary results shown for

- Target Asymmetry T
- Recoil Polarization P
- Double Polarization Observables E , G , and H

↪ One step closer towards the complete experiment.

The new results will be important input for PWA.